SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Tork Constant Air Freshener Breeze

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	10/08/2024	11440009-00001	Date of first issue: 10/08/2024

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Tork Constant Air Freshener Breeze

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Essity Professional Hygiene NA

Address : P.O. Box 2400
Neenah, United States of America WI 54957-2400

Telephone : +1-800-424-9300

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (24-Hour)
Customer Service: Essity Professional Hygiene North America 1-866-722-8675

E-mail address : info@essity.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : perfumes

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
methyl benzoate	93-58-3	>= 5 - < 10
2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol	18479-58-8	>= 1 - < 5
Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate	68901-15-5	>= 1 - < 5
Ionone, methyl-	1335-46-2	>= 1 - < 5
Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.	93455-96-0	>= 1 - < 5
p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate	32210-23-4	>= 1 - < 5
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Explosives
Gases

Recommended storage temperature : 50 - 86 °F / 10 - 30 °C

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves
Break through time : > 10 min

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses

Skin and body protection	:	Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Wear the following personal protective equipment: If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).
Hygiene measures	:	If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	red
Odor	:	fruity
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	147 °F / 64 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	0.5261 hPa (68 °F / 20 °C)
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.9413 g/cm³ (68 °F / 20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	practically insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Combustible liquid. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,625 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,020 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 620 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ionone, methyl-:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,323 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,680 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): 4,895 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 0.68 mg/l Exposure time: 7 h Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 2,250 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Species	:	reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 439
Species	:	reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 431
Result	:	Skin irritation

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

Ionone, methyl-:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Skin irritation

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Species	:	reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 439
Result	:	No skin irritation

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Ionone, methyl-:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	negative

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative

Ionone, methyl-:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	positive
Assessment	:	Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	positive
Assessment	:	Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Test Type	:	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ionone, methyl-:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 487
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 104 - 105 weeks
Result : negative

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 415
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ionone, methyl-:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 443
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 443
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 214 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 1 y
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ionone, methyl-:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 50 mg/m3
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 90 Days

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 407
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rat, female
LOAEL : 335 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 23 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 111.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50: 815 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 : > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 38 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 80 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 25 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.205 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.09 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 69.2 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30.2 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Ionone, methyl-:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 2.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.42 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 9.42 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 9.42 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 8.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 11 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: 122 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 103.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 62 %
Exposure time: 29 d
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.C.

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 72 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 27.98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Ionone, methyl-:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 76 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 75 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.C.

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.D.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

methyl benzoate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.12

2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.25
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Allyl (cyclohexyloxy)acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.8
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Ionone, methyl-:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4.5 - < 5

Lavender, Lavandula hybrida, ext.:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4
Remarks: Expert judgment

p-tert-Butylcyclohexyl Acetate:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.8

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.76

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number	:	NA 1993
Proper shipping name	:	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (methyl benzoate, 2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol)
Class	:	CBL
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	NONE
ERG Code	:	128
Marine pollutant	:	no
Remarks	:	Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Not regulated if shipped in packages less than or equal to 119 gallons (450 liters).

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Respiratory or skin sensitization
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content		40 CFR Part 59 National VOC Emission Standard For Consumer Products, Subpart C VOC content: 75.24 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

methyl benzoate	93-58-3
2,2-Dimethyl 7-octen-2-ol	18479-58-8

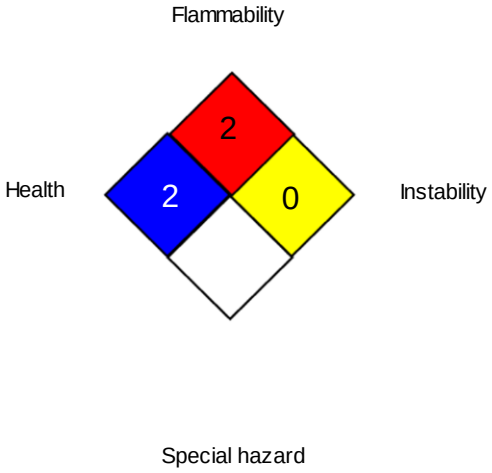
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

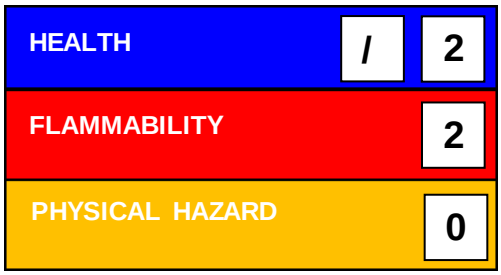
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance

Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Revision Date	:	10/08/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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